

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{C.V.} \rho dV + \int_{C.S.} \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0$$

equ. 5.24 of Textbook

© SAKinnas, 2012

or  $\dot{m}_{cv} + \dot{m}_{out} - \dot{m}_{in} = 0$

or  $\dot{m}_{cv} = -(\dot{m}_{out} - \dot{m}_{in})$

Integral form of Continuity equation

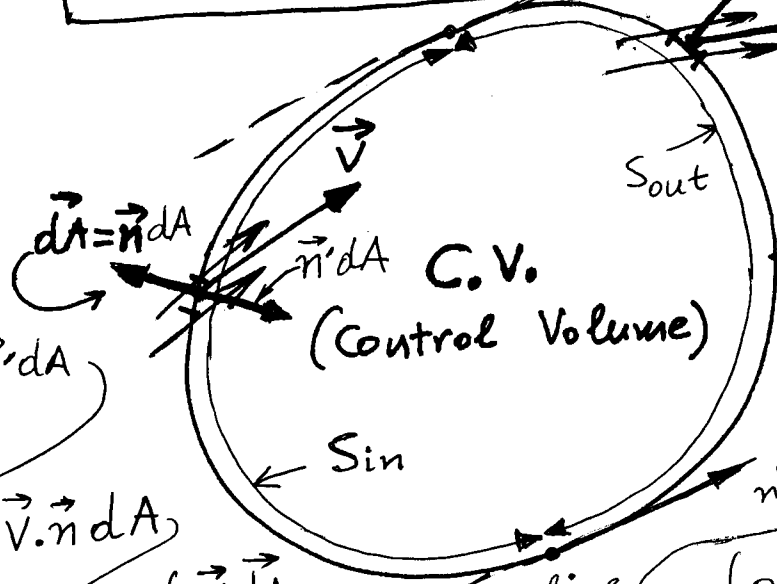
- very general
- applies to steady & unsteady flow
- applies to compressible & incompressible flow

$\vec{n}' = -\vec{n}$

$\dot{m}_{in} = \int_{S_{in}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n}' dA$

$= - \int_{S_{in}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA$

$= - \int_{S_{in}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A}$



$\dot{m}_{out} = \int_{S_{out}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A} = \int_{S_{out}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA$

C.S. (Control Surface)

$\dot{m}_{out} - \dot{m}_{in} = \int_{S_{out}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A} - \left( - \int_{S_{in}} \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A} \right) =$

$\int_S \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A} \quad (S = S_{out} + S_{in})$

$\int_{C.S.} \rho \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{A} = \dot{m}_{out}$  (rate of outflow out of the C.V.)

$- \dot{m}_{in}$  (rate of inflow into C.V.)

$\int_{C.V.} \rho dV = m_{cv}$  (mass inside C.V.)

$\dot{m}_{cv} = \frac{dm_{cv}}{dt}$  = (rate with which mass is increasing in the C.V.)