Soil Moisture Mapping of Drought in Travis County, TX

Johnny Sullivan GIS in Water Resources November 22, 2011

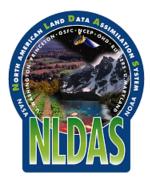
Project Summary

- Goal Drought analysis in Travis County as a function of soil moisture content
- Method Combination of data from:



SSURGO

Soil Survey Geographic Database



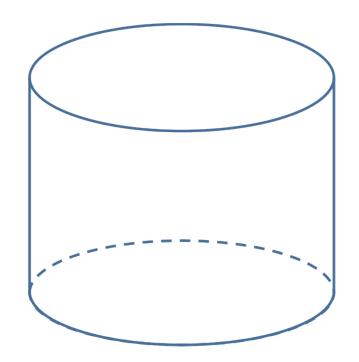
NLDAS

North American Land Data Assimilation System

SSURGO

- Data available by county
- Many polygons
- Soil type and available water storage (AWS)

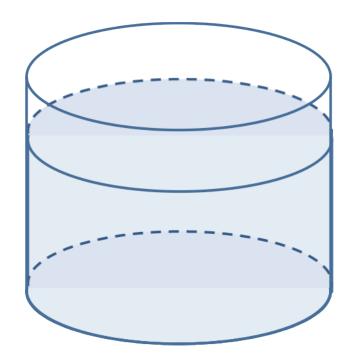
How much water can the bucket hold?

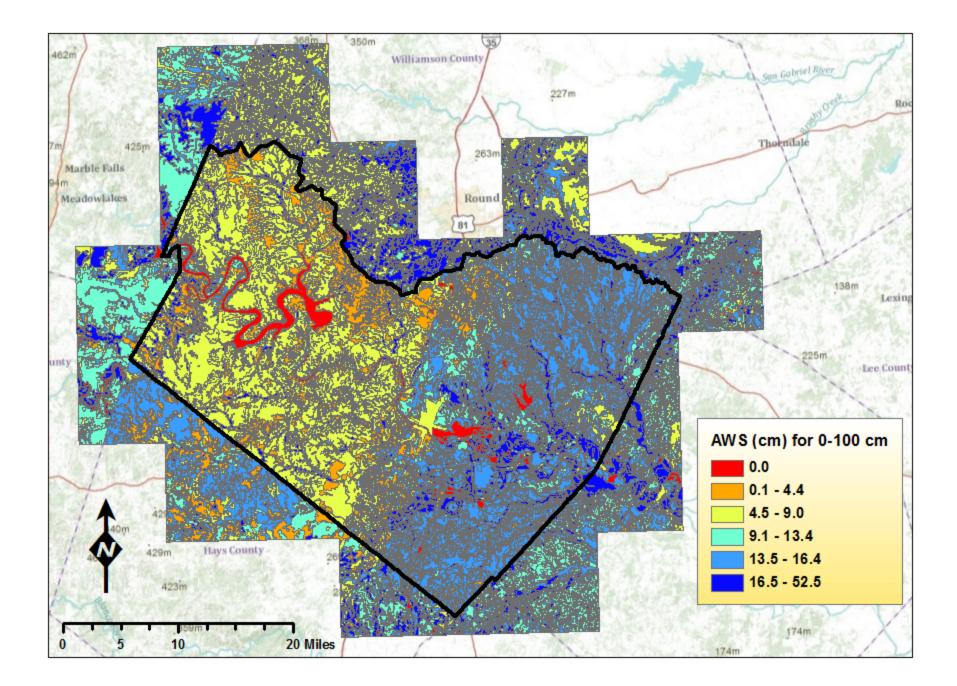


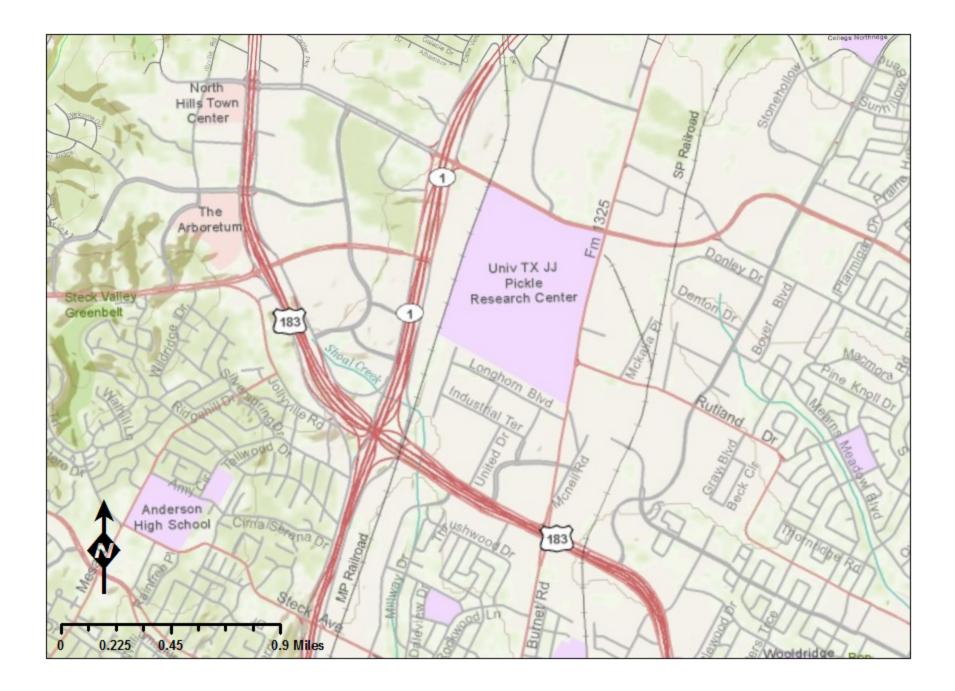
NLDAS

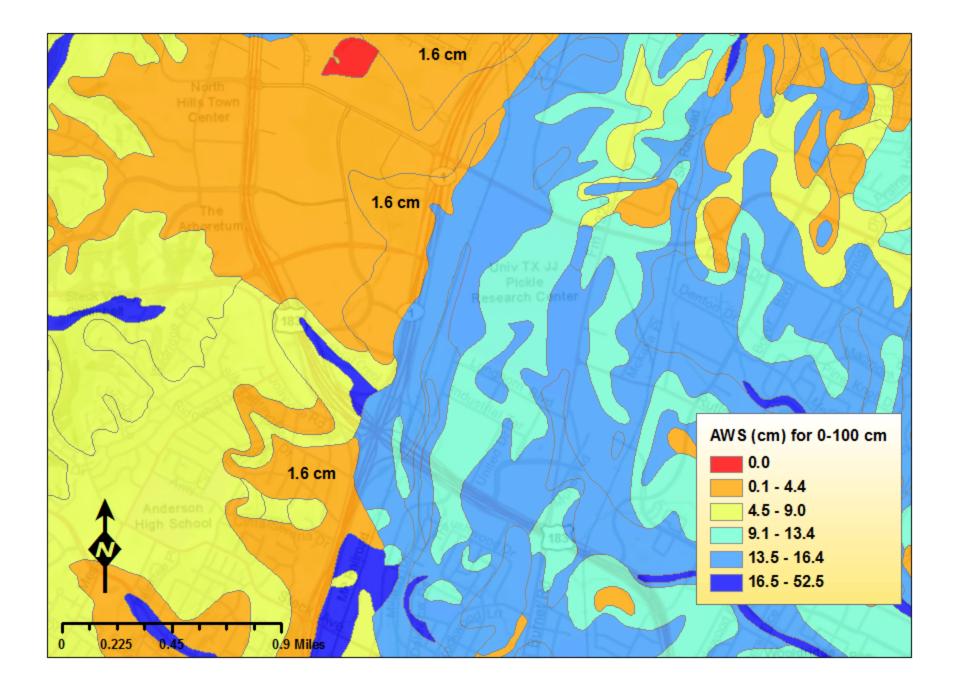
- 1/8th degree quads
- Current water content of soil to various depths
- Focused on 0-100 cm

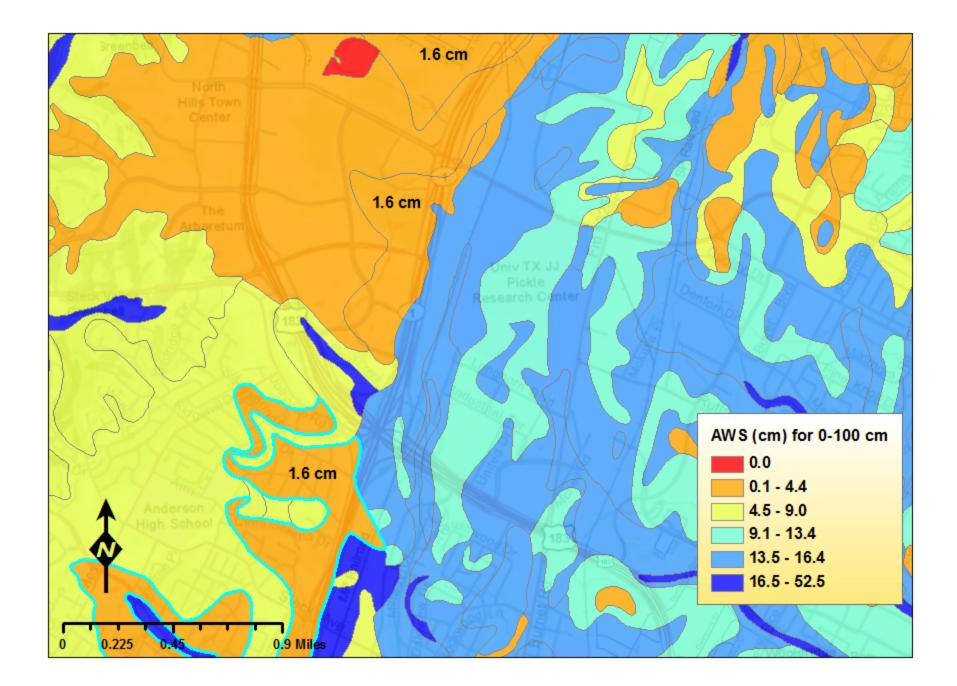
How much water is in the bucket?

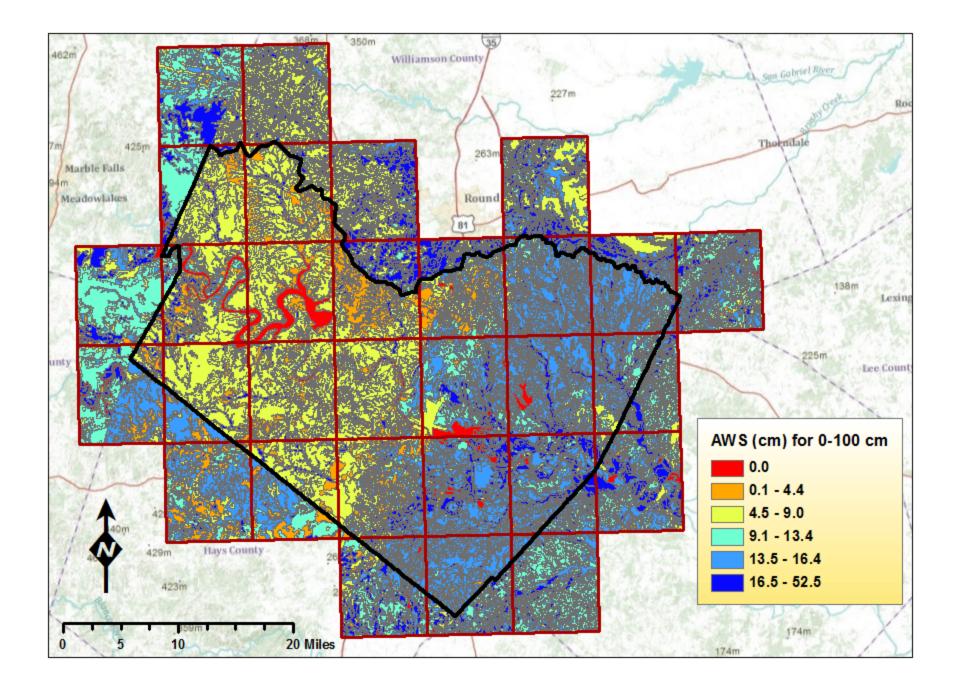


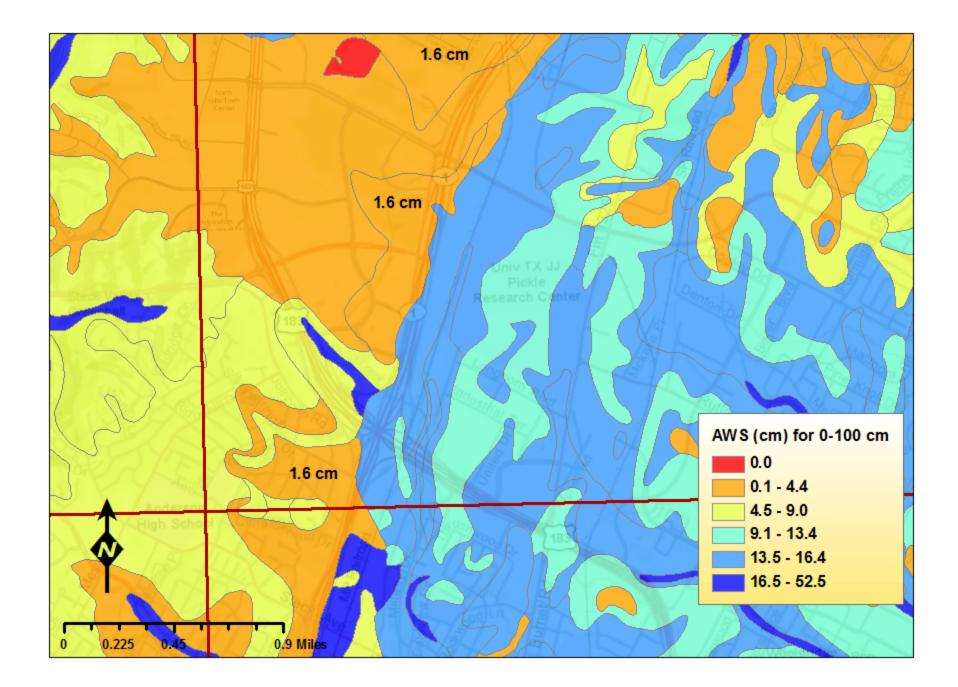


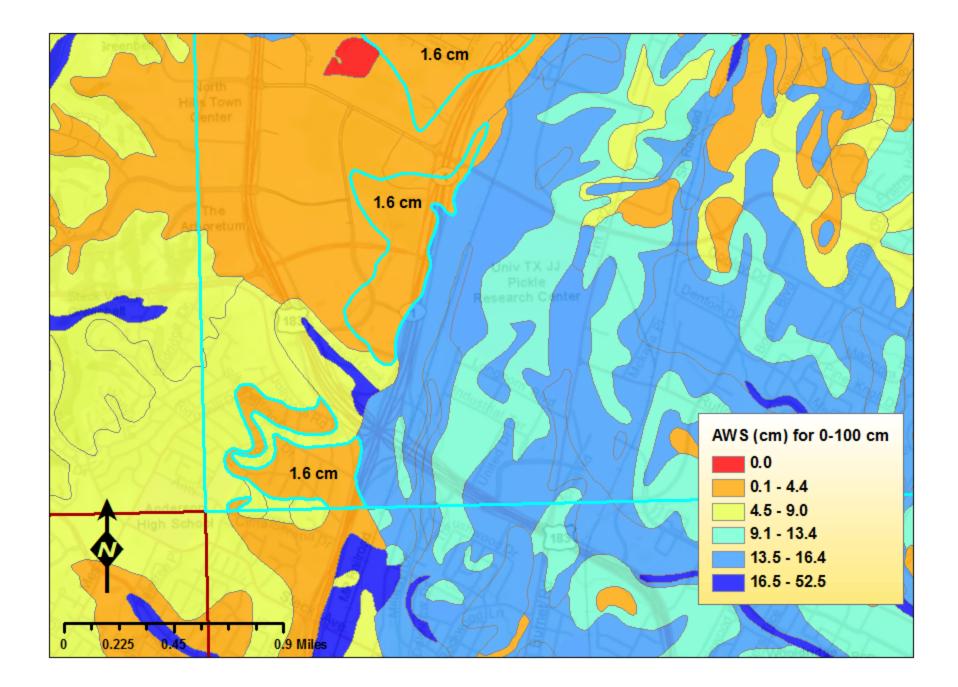


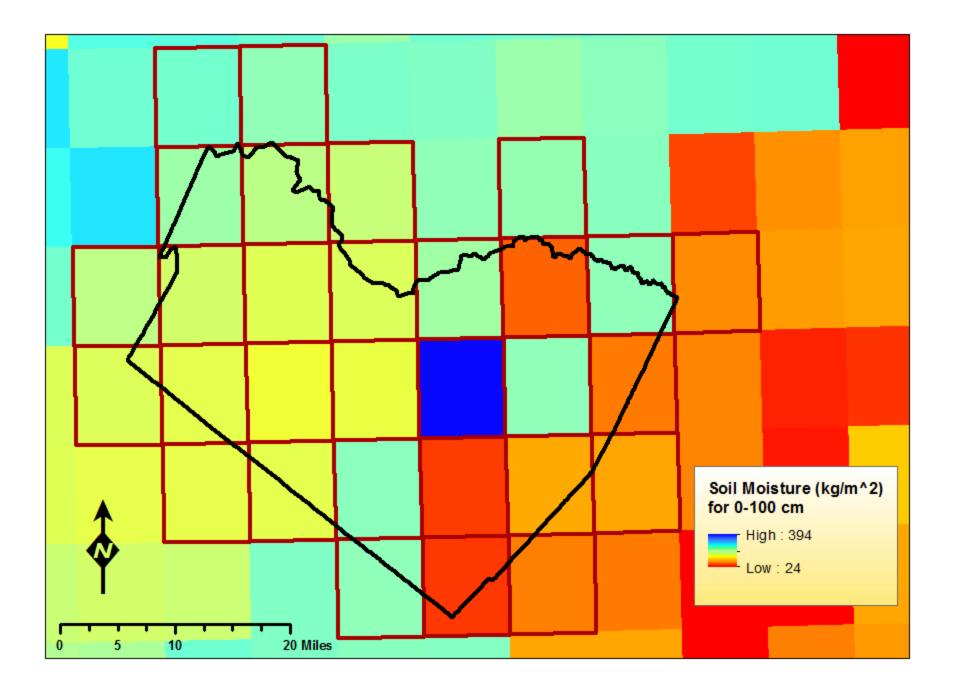








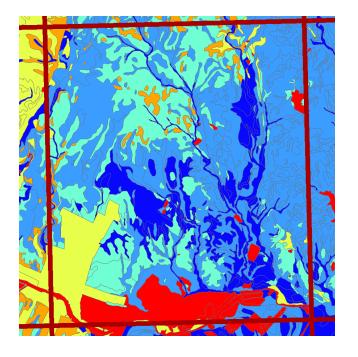




Data Comparison of One Quad

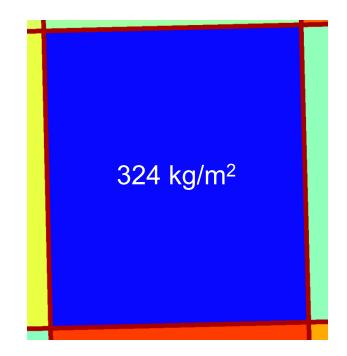
SSURGO

Many AWS values



NLDAS

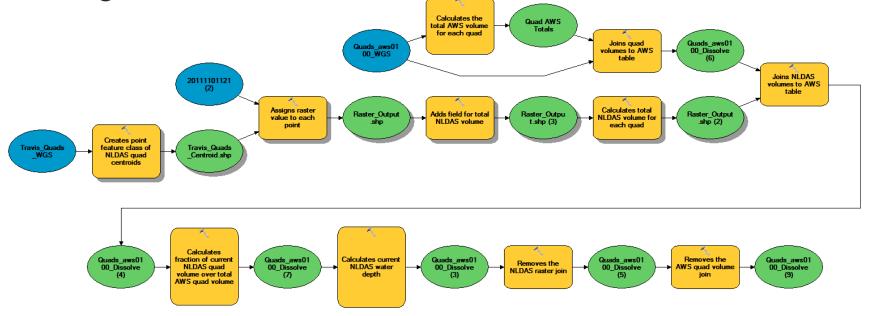
One value for entire quad



...need to apportion NLDAS water content into SSURGO polygons!

Methodology

- Calculate ratio of NLDAS volume over AWS volume for each quad
 - must be ≤ 1 (current storage cannot exceed available storage)
- Multiply AWS value (in cm) by this factor to obtain current storage

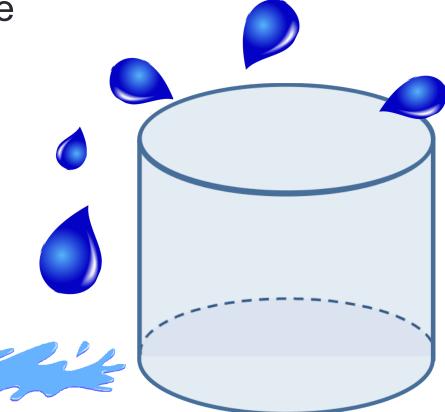


Results



Results

- In many cases, volume ratio ≥ 1
- Currently in drought
- Data flawed
- NLDAS parameters
 outdated



Solution

- NLDAS data can be used to determine the % moisture
- SSURGO model parameters up-to-date
- Use this % moisture with SSURGO AWS values, yield accurate current moisture content

Ongoing Work

- Automation of data acquistion and continuouslyupdating map publishing
- LDM (Local Data Manager)
- THREDDS (Thematic Realtime Environmental Distributed Data Services)
- Converts to native format
- Easily export to netCDF, WCS
- Expansion to rest of Texas